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FEB 26 2010 ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** Washington, DC PART III

122

#### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	January 1, 2009	AND ENDING	December 31, 2009_
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Mark Ste	wart Securities Inc		
TATALL OF DATALLES AND	wat socurines, inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
	1		FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	FIRM ID. NO.
18101 Von Karman Avenue, Suite 33		·	$\gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
	(No. and Street)		
Irvine	California		92612
KIMBERLY L. ERPHUS	(State)		(Zip-Code)
Commission # 1769054	PERSON TO CONTACT IN	N PEGADO TO THIS	REPORT
Mark Stewart Tongo County Mark	ANDON TO CONTACT II	1 RECARD TO THE	
Mark Stewarts on the My Comm. Exchange Spirit Stewarts of the			(949) 955-2400
		(4	area Code Telephone No.)
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTII	FICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained	in this Report*	
Breard & Associates, Inc., Certified F	Public Accoutants		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ame — if individual, state last, first, mu	ddle name)	
9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170	Northridge	California	91324
(Address)	(City)	(State)	Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:  Certified Public Accountant  Public Accountant  Accountant not resident in Unite	d States or any of its posse	ssions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL		
	TON OFFICIAL OSE ONE		

<sup>\*</sup>Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

# **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

I	Mark Stewart, swear (or affirm) that, to the
best	of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	Mark Stewart Securities Inc.
-	December 31 2009 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that peither the company
	, are also direct. I further swear (or arinin) that neither the company
	any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of stomer, except as follows:
a cu.	stomer, theept as follows.
	eate of Calyonia
	ubscribed and sworn (or affirmed) to before me this
S.	2 day of Jan. , 2010 by
	proved to me on the basis
of	satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who
ap	ppeared before me.
	Title
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1	um dalus
- 7	Notary Public
/	Wishprist a garage
	KIMBERLY L. EACHUS Commission # 1769054
ant.	3 MT O OPERATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
	Orange County
	(a) Facing page.  (b) Statement of Financial Condition.  MyComm. Biplies Sep 18, 2011
	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
	(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. Cash Flows
	(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
	(g) Computation of Net Capital
	(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
X	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-
	solidation.
	(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
	(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Mark Stewart Securities, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements, the Company has suffered losses from operations and minimal revenue which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 9. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California February 21, 2010

# Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2009

#### **Assets**

Cash	\$	4,550
Deposit with clearing organizations		14,981
Marketable securities, at market value		1,451
Receivable from related party		16,456
Property and equipment, net		10,543
Total assets	\$	47,981
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,000
Total liabilities		2,000
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholder's equity		
Common stock, no par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized,		
2,000,000 shares issued and outstanding		5,555
Additional paid-in capital		100,000
Accumulated deficit		(59,574)
Total stockholder's equity		45,981
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$</u>	47,981

# Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

#### Revenues

Commissions	\$ 853
Total revenues	853
Expenses	
Employee compensation and benefits	135
Commissions and floor brokerage	5,740
Communications	3,209
Occupancy expense	256
Other operating expenses	 32,738
Total expenses	 42,078
Net income (loss) before income tax provision	(41,225)
Income tax provision	 800
Net income (loss)	\$ (42,025)

# Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	ommon Stock	]	dditional Paid-in Capital	E (Acc	Retained arnings cumulated Deficits)	Total
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$ 5,555	\$	100,000	\$	12,451	\$ 118,006
Distributions to stockholders	_		-		(30,000)	(30,000)
Net income (loss)	 -				(42,025)	 (42,025)
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ 5,555	\$	100,000	<u>\$</u>	(59,574)	\$ 45,981

# Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Cash flow from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)			\$ (42,025)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net			
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	\$	8,665	
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Deposit with clearing organizations		50,229	
Marketable securities, at market value		3,644	
Receivable from related party		9,500	
Other assets		1,000	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		1.006	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,806	74 044
Total adjustments			 74,844
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			32,819
Net cash provided by (used in) in investing activities			-
			-
Cash flow from financing activities:		(30,000)	-
		(30,000)	 (30,000)
Cash flow from financing activities: Capital distributions		(30,000)	 (30,000)
Cash flow from financing activities: Capital distributions Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(30,000)	 <del></del>
Cash flow from financing activities: Capital distributions Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash		(30,000)	\$ 2,819
Cash flow from financing activities: Capital distributions Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities  Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash at beginning of year		(30,000)	\$ 2,819 1,731
Cash flow from financing activities: Capital distributions  Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities  Net increase (decrease) in cash  Cash at beginning of year  Cash at end of year		(30,000)	\$ 2,819 1,731
Cash flow from financing activities: Capital distributions  Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities  Net increase (decrease) in cash  Cash at beginning of year  Cash at end of year  Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	<u> </u>	(30,000)	\$ 2,819 1,731

# Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### General

Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. (the "Company"), an S Corporation, was originally incorporated under the name "Trademark Investments, Inc.", on May 15th, 1996, in the state of California. On November 19, 2000, the Company changed its name to Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. The Company operates as a registered broker/dealer in securities under the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") and the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB").

The Company operates a general securities business on a fully disclosed basis. The Company does not hold customer funds or securities. It also specializes in Regulation D offerings on a best efforts basis.

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Receivables from clearing organization represent commissions earned on security transactions. These receivable are stated at face amount with no allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectible accounts are immaterial.

Securities transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis with related commission income and expenses also recorded on a settlement date basis. Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP) requires securities transactions to be recorded on a trade date basis. There is no material difference between trade date and settlement date accounting.

# Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Company has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities" (SFAS 115). As such, marketable securities held by the Company are classified as trading securities and stated at their fair market value based on quoted market prices. Realized gains or losses from the sale of marketable securities are computed based on specific identification of historical cost. Unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities are computed based on specific identification of recorded cost, with the change in fair value during the period included in income.

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Repairs and maintenance to these assets are charged to expense as incurred; major improvements enhancing the function and/or useful life are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses arising from such transactions are recognized.

Furniture, equipment and vehicles are depreciated over their estimated useful lives of five (5) to seven (7) years by the straight-line method.

The Company has elected to be an S Corporation and accordingly has its income taxed under Section 1361-1379 of the Internal Revenue Code. Subchapter S of the Code provides that in lieu of corporate income taxes, the stockholders are taxed on the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements. The State of California has similar regulations, although there exists a provision for a minimum franchise tax and a tax rate of 1.5% over the minimum franchise fee of \$800.

The Company has elected to report the statement of changes in stockholder's equity without disclosing the accumulated adjustment account and other equity accounts pertinent to an S Corporation. There is no financial impact to these financial statements.

#### **Note 2: DEPOSIT WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS**

The Company has deposited \$4,981 with Wedbush Morgan, Inc., and \$10,000 with Pacific Securities, Inc. as security for its transactions with them. Interest is paid monthly on each deposit at the average overnight repurchase agreement rate.

The Company's deposit held at Wedbush Morgan, Inc. is treated as a non-allowable asset, due to the expiration of their clearing agreement.

### Note 3: MARKETABLE SECURITIES, AT MARKET VALUE

Marketable securities, at market value consist of restricted corporate stocks. As discussed in Note 1, marketable securities held by the Company are classified as trading securities and stated at their fair market value based on quoted market prices. At December 31, 2009 these securities are carried at their fair market value of \$1,451. The accounting for the mark-to-market on proprietary trading is included in the Statement of Operations as net investment gains of \$0.

Management has elected to treat these secruties as non-allowable for net capital purposes. Due to the Company's currently reduced net capital requirement, any trading activity in the company's proprietary accounts will automatically revert the Company's required net capital back to the market making minimum (see Note 9).

#### Note 4: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment are recorded net of accumulated depreciation and summarized by major classifications as follows:

			Useful Life
Machinery and Equipment	\$	18,806	5
Furniture and Fixtures		16,124	7
Auto		23,805	5
		58,735	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(48,192)	
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$</u>	10,543	

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2009, was \$8,665.

#### **Note 5: INCOME TAXES**

As discussed in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Note 1), the Company has elected the S Corporate tax status, therefore no federal income tax provision is provided. The tax provision provided is the California minimum franchise tax of \$800.

The tax provision of \$800 represents the California state minimum tax. Similar to the Federal Rules, the net income passes through to the stockholder so that both federal and state taxes are primarily paid at the individual level.

#### Note 6: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The receivables from related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing loans to the firm's shareholder, that are due on demand. At December 31, 2009, the total amount due from the shareholder was \$16,456.

As of October 2008, the Company began sharing office space with a related entity. Under this arrangement, the Company currently is not paying rent.

#### Note 7: OCCUPANCY EXPENSE

Current year occupancy expense consists of the following:

Office rent \$ 256

#### **Note 8: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK**

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter-parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter-party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter-party.

#### **Note 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

Going-Concern

In the prior year, the Company's former clearing firm went out of business, which froze the company's clearing deposit and trading accounts. This forced the company to halt all of its trading activity and get a temporary reduction of its net capital requirement from \$100,000 to \$5,000. The Company recovered most of its clearing deposit, but has realized a loss on the cash deposits of \$9,810.

The closure of North American Clearing, Inc. has placed a strain on the Company's liquidity, inhibiting its ability to continue its operations. This has placed substantial doubt as to the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. Management has made changes such as moving to less expensive office space, and reducing the required net capital to lesson the impact of the limitations on its capital. Management intends to continue to fund the operations of the Company with capital infusions, until it can suffice on its own operations again. In addition management is actively seeking new equity investments to add liquidity, to assist with funding the operations.

#### Note 10: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued a new professional standard in June of 2009 which resulted in a major restructuring of U.S. accounting and reporting standards. The new professional standard, issued as ASC 105 ("ASC 105"), establishes the Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification or ASC") as the source of authoritative accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of GAAP for SEC registrants. Existing GAAP was not intended to be changed as a result of the Codification, and accordingly the change did not impact the financial statements of the Company.

For the year ending December 31, 2009, various accounting pronouncements or interpretations by the Financial Accounting Standards Board were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") /Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") topics for the year to determine relevance to the Company's operations:

Statement No.	<u>Title</u>	Effective Date
SFAS 141(R)/ ASC 805	Business Combinations	After December 15, 2008
SFAS 157/ ASC 820	Fair Value Measurements	After November 15, 2008
SFAS 161/ ASC 815	Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities – an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 133	After December 15, 2008
SFAS 165/ ASC 855	Subsequent Events	After June 15, 2009
SFAS 166*/ ASC 860	Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets – an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 140	After November 15, 2009
SFAS 167*/ ASC 810	Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R)	After November 15, 2009
SFAS 168/ ASC 105	The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles – a replacement of FASB Statement 162	After September 15, 2009

<sup>\*</sup>Currently being processed for inclusion in the Codification

# Note 10: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

#### (Continued)

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the Company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

### **Note 11: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS**

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$12,550 which was \$7,550 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$2,000) to net capital was 0.16 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

# Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of December 31, 2009

Common stock	\$ 5,555
Additional paid-in capital	100,000

Computation of net capital

Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital

Additional paid-in capital	100,000		
Accumulated deficit	 (59,574)		
Total stockholder's equity		\$	45,981
Less: Non-allowable assets			
Marketable securities, at market value	(1,451)		
Receivable from related party	(16,456)		
Property and equipment, net	(10,543)		
Deposits with clearing organizations	 (4,981)		
Total non-allowable assets			(33,431)
Net capital			12,550
Computation of net capital requirements			
Minimum net capital requirements			
6 2/3 of net aggregate indebtedness	\$ 133		
Minimum dollar net capital required	\$ 5,000		
Net capital required (greater of above)			(5,000)
-		\$	7,550
Excess net capital		Ψ	7,550

There was no material difference between net capital computation shown here and the net capital computation shown on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated December 31, 2009.

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# Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. Schedule II - Computation for Determining of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2009

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

# Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2009

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

Mark Stewart Securities, Inc.

Supplementary Accountant's Report

on Internal Accounting Control

Report Pursuant to 17a-5

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009



Board of Directors

Mark Stewart Securities, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Mark Stewart Securities, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Beard + Osscillo Inc.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California February 21, 2010 Mark Stewart Securities, Inc.

Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (d)

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009